



বিদ্যাসাগর বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

Question Paper

B.A. General Examination 2023

(Under CBCS Pattern)

Semester — II

Subject : PHILOSOPHY

(NEW SYLLABUS & OLD SYLLABUS)

Paper : DSC-1BT/2BT

(Western Philosophy)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*Candidates are required to give their answers
in their own words as far as practicable.*

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer from *any one* Syllabus.

(NEW SYLLABUS)

(ENGLISH VERSION)

GROUP—A

1. Answer *any ten* questions from the following :
 $2 \times 10 = 20$

(a) Mention two important characteristics of
naive realism.

(2)

(b) What is the main difference between representative realism and naive realism?

(c) "Esse est percipi" — Whose statement is this and what does he mean by it?

(d) Who has used the term *Tabula Rasa* and in which context?

(e) What is idealism?

(f) What are the main points of difference between realism and idealism?

(g) What is the entailment theory of causality?

(h) What is a substance according to Berkeley?

(i) Define substance after Locke.

(j) What is interactionism?

(k) What is false metaphysics according to Hume?

(3)

(l) What is *natura naturata*?
(m) What is subjective idealism?
(n) Why is the objective idealism of Hegel called absolute idealism?
(o) What is mentalism?

GROUP—B

Answer **any four** questions from the following :

$$5 \times 4 = 20$$

2. Briefly discuss whether Berkeley's idealism can be regarded as solipsism.

3. Briefly explain objective idealism after Hegel.

4. Discuss the basic principles of regularity theory of causation.

5. Is substance self-existent? Discuss after Descartes and Spinoza.

(4)

6. Why is Locke's theory of representative realism called 'iron-curtain' theory?
7. How does Kant distinguish between phenomenon and noumenon? Discuss.

GROUP—C

Answer **any two** questions from the following :

$10 \times 2 = 20$

8. Is metaphysics possible? Explain after Hume.
9. Explain the main tenets of scientific realism.
10. Why does Kant consider space and time as two a-priori forms of intuition? Discuss.
11. Explain and examine parallelism as a theory of the relation between mind and body.

(11)
GROUP—C

၅. မန္တရာ စာရွှေစွာနှင့် ဒုက္ခ မွတ် လိပ်ပြုမှတ်ယုံကြည်ခဲ့သလိုလာ ? မကမျှပါ စွဲလို့။ ၁၆၀၂ အာဒေသမြတ်မှုပါ။
၆. လျှောက်လောက်။ စာမျက်နှာမှာဖြစ် သတေသနမှု ပုံစံများ ၁၆၀၂ အာဒေသမြတ်မှုပါ။
၇၀. ၁၆၀၂ မွတ်ဆုံး စွဲလို့ပါ အား ၁၆၀၂ (Space and Time) ပြဿနာ ၀၂ မော်မားပေါ် အ.လ.အ.ရော.။ သတေသနမှု စာမျက်နှာမှာ အားလုံး ပုံစံများ ပုံစံများ အားဖြစ်သလိုလာ ? ပုံစံများ ၀၂ မှာ ပါ။
၇၁. မခုခံပါ အား ပါးသေး သတေသနမှု လျှောက်.၃ လျှောက်မှုပါ သတေသနမှုပြုမှုပေါ်မှုပါ။ ၁၆၀၂ သတေသနမှု စာမျက်နှာမှာ အားလုံး ပုံစံများ အားဖြစ်သလိုလာ ? ပုံစံများ ၀၂ မှာ ပါ။

(OLD SYLLABUS)

(ENGLISH VERSION)

GROUP—A

1. Answer **any ten** questions from the following : $2 \times 10 = 20$

(a) What is 'natura naturans'?

(12)

(b) What is mentalism?

(c) What is subjective idealism?

(d) What is emergent theory of evolution?

(e) Who has used the term *Tabula Rasa* and in which context?

(f) What is idealism?

(g) What are the main points of difference between realism and idealism?

(h) What is entailment theory of causality?

(i) What is substance according to Berkeley?

(j) Define substance after Locke.

(k) What is interactionism?

(l) "Esse est percipi" — Whose statement is this and what does he mean by it?

(13)

(m) Mention two important characteristics of naive realism.

(n) What is the main difference between representative realism and naive realism?

(o) Why is the objective idealism of Hegel called absolute idealism?

GROUP—B

Answer **any four** questions from the following :

$5 \times 4 = 20$

2. Distinguish between true metaphysics and false metaphysics after Hume.
3. Briefly explain objective idealism after Hegel.
4. Discuss the basic principles of regularity theory of causation.
5. Discuss theory of substance after Descartes.
6. Why is Kant's philosophy called critical philosophy?
7. Discuss parallelism as theory of the relation between mind and body.

(14)

GROUP—C

Answer **any two** questions from the following :

$$10 \times 2 = 20$$

8. Write a note on the possibility of metaphysics after Kant.
9. Explain the main tenets of scientific realism.
10. Why does Kant consider space and time as two a-priori forms of intuition? Discuss.
11. Explain mechanistic theory of evolution.

(BENGALI VERSION)

GROUP—A

১. নিম্নলিখিত যেকোনো দশটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও : $2 \times 10 = 20$

(ক) 'Natural naturals' কী?

(খ) মন্ময়বাদ বা মানসবাদ কী?

(গ) আত্মগত ভাববাদ কাকে বলে?